

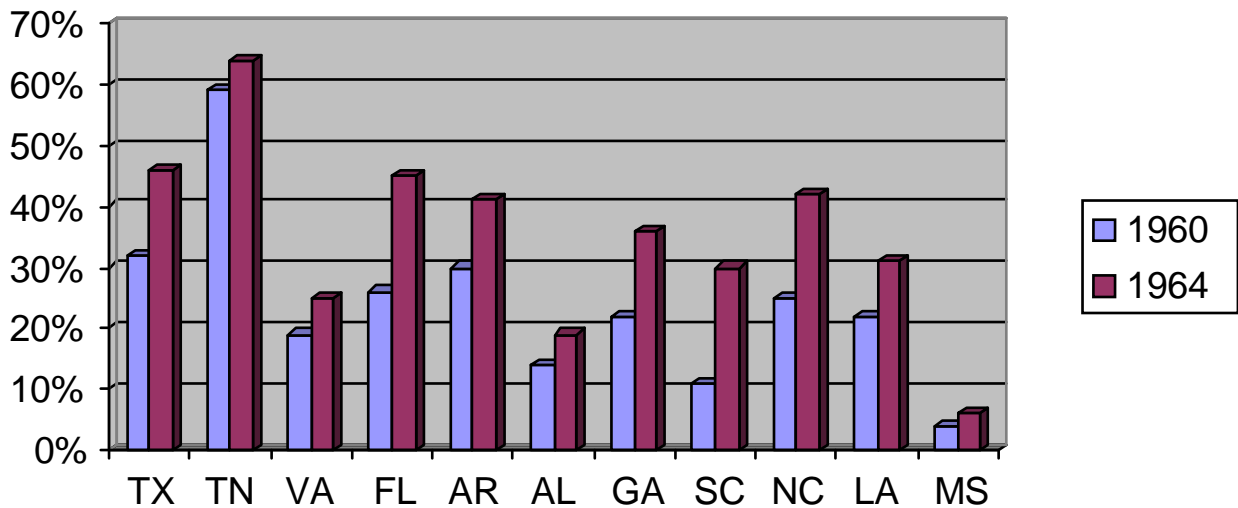
Civil Rights: Looking at the Numbers

A. School Segregation in the U.S. South

State	African American Children in Interracial Schools, 1964
Texas	5.5%
Tennessee	2.7%
Virginia	1.6%
Florida	1.5%
Arkansas	Less than 1%
Alabama	Less than 1%
Louisiana	Less than 1%
Georgia	Less than 1%
South Carolina	Less than 1%
North Carolina	Less than 1%
Mississippi	None

1. What percentage of African American children attended interracial schools in Missouri?
2. What percentage of African American children attended interracial schools in Florida?
3. In which of these states did the smallest percentage of African American children attended interracial schools?
4. What percentage of eligible African Americans were registered to vote in Texas in 1960?
5. What of these states had the largest percentage of eligible African Americans registered to vote in 1964?
6. Which state or states had the greatest percentage increase from 1960 to 1964?
7. What conclusions do you draw from this chart?

B. Eligible African Americans Registered to Vote in Southern States, 1960 and 1964



C. Unemployment by Race, 1950-1970

Year	All People	Whites	African Americans
1950	5.3%	4.9%	9.0%
1960	5.5%	4.9%	10.2%
1970	4.9%	4.5%	8.2%

D. African American Families in Poverty and Education of Head of Household

Education	1978	1987
At least one years of college	12.6%	11.2%
High school graduate	18.7%	27.8%
High school dropout	34.2%	39.4%

E. Income Distribution by Race, 1990

Income	White Families	African American Families
Over \$50,000	32.5%	14.5%
\$35 - \$50,000	20.8%	15.0%
\$25 - \$35,000	16.5%	14.0%
\$15 - \$25,000	16.0%	19.5%
Under \$15,000	14.2%	37.0%